

SIGBI Programme Director's Blog January 2019

Peace, goodwill and understanding



This time of year seems an appropriate time to look at another of the 5Ps – Peace. This has only one goal – 16 – which is defined by the UN as follows:

“Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.”

It has 12 targets and 6 gender specific indicators.

UN Women avers that in both developed and developing countries law and justice institutions continue to fail millions of women and girls, whilst tolerance and impunity for crimes against them remain widespread. This matters because women play a vital role in preventing conflict, in forging and maintaining peace, and in moving towards peaceful and inclusive

societies at all levels from individual to community, country and international levels.

Peace:

How can we, as soroptimists, play our part in improving the experience of women and girls in the countries in which we operate? Firstly we need to know where we are at the moment but unfortunately not all countries have submitted information to the UN. All countries in our Federation plus the USA (classed within the OECD by the UN) are in Table 1. These demonstrate a wide disparity, even within the UN Regions – others show similar results.

Does the data below help us to focus our efforts? What areas of ‘peace’ do we work in at present? Given the different levels at which our projects are directed I think this includes:

- Violence Against Women and Girls, including Domestic Abuse – e.g. supporting women’s refugees, combatting forced marriage and FGM;
- Disparities in the way women are treated within criminal justice systems – e.g. given prison sentences for minor offences when men are not and the disruptive effect this has on them and their families[1];
- Slavery and Trafficking – 71% of people affected by slavery are women and girls[2]. We need to ensure the acceptance and implementation of the Global Compact for Migration adopted by the UN in December 2018[3]; the voting[4] showed that 152 countries were in favour, 12 abstained whilst the USA, Czech Republic, Hungary, Israel and Poland voted against;
- Poverty – e.g. supporting food banks, delivering health care; addressing inequalities in political representation and levels of promotion within occupations.

I am sure you can think of others but it is clear that we need to act across SIGBI at all levels of society. Do continue the good work you do – and don’t forget to report it on the programme database. We will be reviewing this during 2019 to:

- try and make it relevant to the 5Ps;
- enable our reporting to the UN and the Charity Commission;
- easier to enter and extract data;

so that we can become even more effective at what we do.

I look forward to working with you in helping women and girls be the best they can be in a fairer and more just world – at least in our Federation.

Best wishes for 2019 and the future.

Kay Richmond
Director of Programme

- [1] <https://sigbi.org/ukpac/files/2016/02/transforming-lives-full-report.pdf>
 [2] <https://sigbi.org/ukpac/files/2018/07/MDS-Human-Trafficking-Report.pdf>
 [3] <https://refugeesmigrants.un.org/migration-compact>
 [4] <https://news.un.org/en/story/2018/12/1028941>
 [5] <http://www.sdgindex.org>

Table 1 - Sustainable Solutions Development Network & BertelsmanStiftung report¹:

Country	Region	Regional score	Country score	Country position out of 156	Peace: SDG 16
Bangladesh	East & South Asia	64.1	59.3	111	
India	East & South Asia	64.1	59.1	112	
Nepal	East & South Asia	64.1	62.8	102	
Pakistan	East & South Asia	64.1	54.9	126	
Sri Lanka	East & South Asia	64.1	64.6	89	
Malta	Eastern Europe & Central Asia	69.5	74.2	30	
Anguilla	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	Not available	Not available	
Barbados	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	Not available	Not available	
Grenada	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	Not available	Not available	
Jamaica	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	65.9	81	
St Vincent & Grenadines	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	Not available	Not available	
Trinidad & Tobago	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	67.5	70	
Turks & Caicos	Latin America and the Caribbean	66	Not available	Not available	
Republic of Ireland	OECD	76.9	77.5	18	
UK	OECD	76.9	78.7	14	
USA	OECD	76.9	73	35	
Cameroon	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	55.8	121	
Gambia	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	51.8	133	
Malawi	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	50	140	
Mauritius	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	64.5	90	
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	47.5	150	
Seychelles	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	Not available	Not available	
Sierra Leone	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	49.1	146	
South Africa	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	60.8	107	
Uganda	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	54.9	125	
Zimbabwe	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	58.8	115	
Tanzania	Sub-Saharan Africa	52.8	55.1	123	